

**SEX BY AGE BY HEARING DIFFICULTY**  
**Universe: Civilian noninstitutionalized population**  
**2013 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates**

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Data and Documentation](#) section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Methodology](#) section.

Versions of this table are available for the following years: <b>2013</b> <b>2012</b> <b>2011</b> <b>2010</b> <b>2009</b> <b>2008</b>	1 39 of 39	<b>Alaska</b>	
		<b>Estimate</b>	<b>Margin of Error</b>
		Total:	712,248 +/-1,963
		Male:	366,864 +/-2,541
		Under 5 years:	27,429 +/-1,035
		With a hearing difficulty	265 +/-229
		No hearing difficulty	27,164 +/-1,057
		5 to 17 years:	69,544 +/-1,700
		With a hearing difficulty	380 +/-232
		No hearing difficulty	69,164 +/-1,706
		18 to 34 years:	94,246 +/-2,336
		With a hearing difficulty	837 +/-425
		No hearing difficulty	93,409 +/-2,313
		35 to 64 years:	143,384 +/-1,614
		With a hearing difficulty	8,225 +/-1,402
		No hearing difficulty	135,159 +/-2,161
		65 to 74 years:	22,353 +/-942
		With a hearing difficulty	4,976 +/-782
		No hearing difficulty	17,377 +/-876
		75 years and over:	9,908 +/-768
		With a hearing difficulty	3,879 +/-716
		No hearing difficulty	6,029 +/-951
		Female:	345,384 +/-2,157
		Under 5 years:	27,276 +/-991
		With a hearing difficulty	95 +/-89
		No hearing difficulty	27,181 +/-1,002
		5 to 17 years:	63,636 +/-1,571
		With a hearing difficulty	788 +/-736
		No hearing difficulty	62,848 +/-1,321
		18 to 34 years:	87,427 +/-1,302
		With a hearing difficulty	624 +/-360
		No hearing difficulty	86,803 +/-1,432
		35 to 64 years:	134,719 +/-1,425
		With a hearing difficulty	2,986 +/-769
		No hearing difficulty	131,733 +/-1,567
		65 to 74 years:	20,604 +/-843
		With a hearing difficulty	2,131 +/-576
		No hearing difficulty	18,473 +/-1,033
		75 years and over:	11,722 +/-617
		With a hearing difficulty	3,441 +/-707
		No hearing difficulty	8,281 +/-881

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2013 American Community Survey

**Explanation of Symbols:**

An "\*\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An "L" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An "L" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An "U" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An "\*\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An "\*\*\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An "N" entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An "(X)" means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

In data year 2013, there were a series of changes to data collection operations that could have affected some estimates. These changes include the addition of Internet as a mode of data collection, the end of the content portion of Failed Edit Follow-Up interviewing, and the loss of one monthly panel due to the Federal Government shut down in October 2013. For more information, see: [User Notes](#)

The Census Bureau introduced a new set of disability questions in the 2008 ACS questionnaire. Accordingly, comparisons of disability data from 2008 or later with data from prior years are not recommended. For more information on these questions and their evaluation in the 2006 ACS Content Test, see the [Evaluation Report Covering Disability](#).

While the 2013 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.